Are you Maximizing the Value of your Managed Care Contracts?

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TO

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Today's Discussion



- Goals for today's discussion
 - Explore ways you might:
 - **▼** Improve efficiency of revenue collection from payers



- Reduce Administrative Friction (and frustration)
- ▼ Increase patient satisfaction



▼ Improve competitive position in market



Agenda

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• 1. Understand the Payers (a little bit)

• 2. Understand your Strategies to compete in your Market

• 3. Understand (some of) the Challenges in Payer Contracts

• 4. Develop Solutions: Discuss Proactive Strategies

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Preparation is the Key to Success

"To defeat your enemy - you must know him" Sun Tsu, The Art of War

Understanding a little bit about the payers can be an <u>advantage for you</u>

Payer Vulnerabilities

- Many of the larger national payer are locked in FFS Mentality
 - Existing subscriber contracts (Benefit Plan) Payer & your Patient
 - Existing Staff
 - Current Sales Channels/Relationships Brokers, etc.
- FFS adjudication systems
 - To change from FFS to VBP = change staff training (\$/unit > total cost)
 - Need new systems & tools
 - Have to change contracts w Subscribers (Currently sell discounts)

- Realize that government program plans are NOT the government agencies they have contracted with
 - (though some may tell you that)
 - Gov't k's do put government obligations on the payer
 - Doesn't mean they can pass them on (w/o a price) ◎
 - Do you measure the <u>cost</u> of the <u>contract</u> to you? FTE's, admin, research
- MCA's are NOT CMS (& MA plans don't pay what CMS does)
- Medicaid payers are NOT the state!

- Realize these contracts are built <u>by payers</u> to;
 - o decrease their risk by moving it to you and
 - to work best in their system
- Also realize that Payers <u>need you</u> to deliver the Patient Care they have contracted with subscribers for
- So if approached in a professional business manner they WILL negotiate



- Government program Payers are capitated by CMS or states
 - They have to make money by retaining part of the PMPM
 - Have limits on what they can charge patients (subscribers)
- Commercial Payers
 - They adjust premiums and benefit designs to compete in the market
 - The <u>market</u> they are <u>competing</u> in sets the limits.
 - What will your "market" buy?
 - ➤ PPO, HMO, POS, NN, Xchg

Strategic Perspectives

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KNOW YOUR MARKET(S)

KNOW YOUR HOSPITAL / HEALTH SYSTEM

Strategic Perspectives

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- Do you understand your Health Systems goals?
- What are your System's respective advantages and limitations in the market?
- Do you include the operational, clinical, & financial departments in your negotiations to leverage their expertise across the contract requirements?
- Might learn that some of your team members know things that you weren't aware of
- and you will produce a better contract proposal

Strategic Perspectives

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- Do you include all system assets?
 - (Hospital, Physicians, Ancillary)
 - Creates a "system view" of the payer relationship revenues
 - Gives you more options to consider
 - Decreases the payers ability to pit one asset against another
 - ➤ Payer's internal structure may work against them
- Do you incorporate your system's strategic goals when developing your proposal? Your Competitive Advantage

Result: you will produce a better contract proposal that you can negotiate to produce revenues aligned with your targets more efficiently

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- Do you understand the essential elements of each payer's contract?
 If you don't how can you win?
 - o Standard clause issues v Payer specific requirements
 - o Payers may change some of their specific clauses based on market experience and your market position
 - What does your **Current** Contract cover?
 - Products (PPO, HMO, MCA, HIX)
 - Language Issues
 - > Rate Structures / Conflicting mechanics
 - Revenue yield
 - o What does their new **Proposed** Contract cover?
 - > Products (PPO, HMO, MCA, HIX, NN, Medicaid)
 - Language changes
 - Rate Structure changes; new fee schedules
 - Revenue yield



Payer's use Definitions as Tools

- Used as levers throughout the contract
- Take time to understand how each payer uses them
- Understand how they impact you and add
 - × clinical,
 - **×** operational and
 - **▼ financial** requirements that impact the contract yield\$

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- Let's review some <u>sample</u> Problem Areas
 - * (not an exhaustive list)
- Payer Contracts frequently have unilateral conditions
 - Timely filing
 - o time to audit
 - Assignment
- We work to balance those throughout the contract



- General
 - Administrative Guidelines; notice required for changes
 - Policy and Procedure Manual;
 - What notice required for changes? Routine v Material
 - How is materiality measured?
 - Utilization Management Guidelines, follow CMS?



- Payer(s) responsibility for payment
 - Definition of who is the "payer" (fully insured v ASO)
 - o Benefit Plan Design
 - ➤ how do you know at the time the patient needs care?
 - **▼** HDHP = patient responsibility?
 - Coverage Exclusions; usually sole discretion of payer/plan;
 - ➤ Patients often don't know until you tell them.
 - Benefit Limitations; benefits exhausted, loss of eligibility (retro)



Problem Areas

Benefit Design

- o Typically you have no idea what the agreement between the payer and your patient looks like
- Payers Limitation of Responsibility for Payment
- Coverage Exclusions by product
- PPO v HMO or narrow network services; redirection
- Continuation of Coverage Responsibilities post Contract Termination



- Policy and Procedures & Changes
 - Admission criteria / NMN, IP only
 - Non Covered Services
 - Do services require authorization or notice (know the difference!)
 - Carved out redirected services
 - (esp for commoditized procedures, imaging, lab, scopes)
 - SmartShopper is a GAME CHANGER. (LA payer site)
 - When your doctor recommends a procedure or test, go online or call to quickly and easily shop inpatient and outpatient healthcare services in your area.



- Operational deadlines; are they balanced?
 - Timely Filing deadlines (60-90 days) v Payer right to Audit (unlimited)
 - Under/over payment responsibilities
 - Recoupment any time limitations, any notice required?



- Payer changes to P&Ps
 - benefit plans, medical coverage policies, fee schedules:
 - Notice Requirements for <u>Material</u> contract changes
 - What are Hospitals rights with respect to these changes? What did you negotiate?
 - Dispute Resolution Process -> Binding Arbitration;
 - are you willing to give up your rights?
 - O Appeal Process; results v time spent?

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We have discussed the challenges

Now what do we do about it?

How do we improve the relationship so it works better for us?



- 1. Identify and Organize Issues
- 2. Measure Magnitude & Velocity
 - Measure Materiality
 - 2. Prioritize
- 3. Gather right Resources to address
 - 1. (Clinical, Financial, Operational) so you develop a comprehensive solution
- 4. Plan Measured Response that Achieves your Goals

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- Identify and Organize Issues
 - Involve Ops, Clinical, and Financial in team approach
 - Investigate to determine that you have identified the real cause(s)
 - Document evidence; fact v emotion
 - Validate from several sources
 - ➤ Ask the payer for their data
 - **Compare reports**

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Measure Magnitude & Velocity

• Volume of claims affected & dollar amount impacted?

Prioritize

• Targeted area(s) that will give you the greatest ROI?

Materialize

• What will have the biggest impact on revenue, workflow?

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Develop a Measured Response

- Quantify the negative impact with fact based data and share that with the payer
- Develop proposals for a measurable solutions that resolves the problem(s)
 - ➤ Deal breakers v Like to have v Nice to have you wont get all, but you must get some
- Create a comprehensive, prioritized proposal that if accepted will achieve the systems goals



- 1. If you have accurately identified the problem(s)
- 2. Researched it with the right departmental leaders
- 3. Measured the system wide impact
- 4. Calculated the benefits of a comprehensive solution
- > You should have the basis for a rational, fact-based business conversation with the payer.
- > This will ensure the solution that is developed solves (most of) the issues

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Remember your Objective

• GOAL = get paid correctly the first time every time according to the agreement your hospital signed.

Not to wipe them off the face of the earth!



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Questions?

Discussion?

Feedback?

Was this helpful?

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